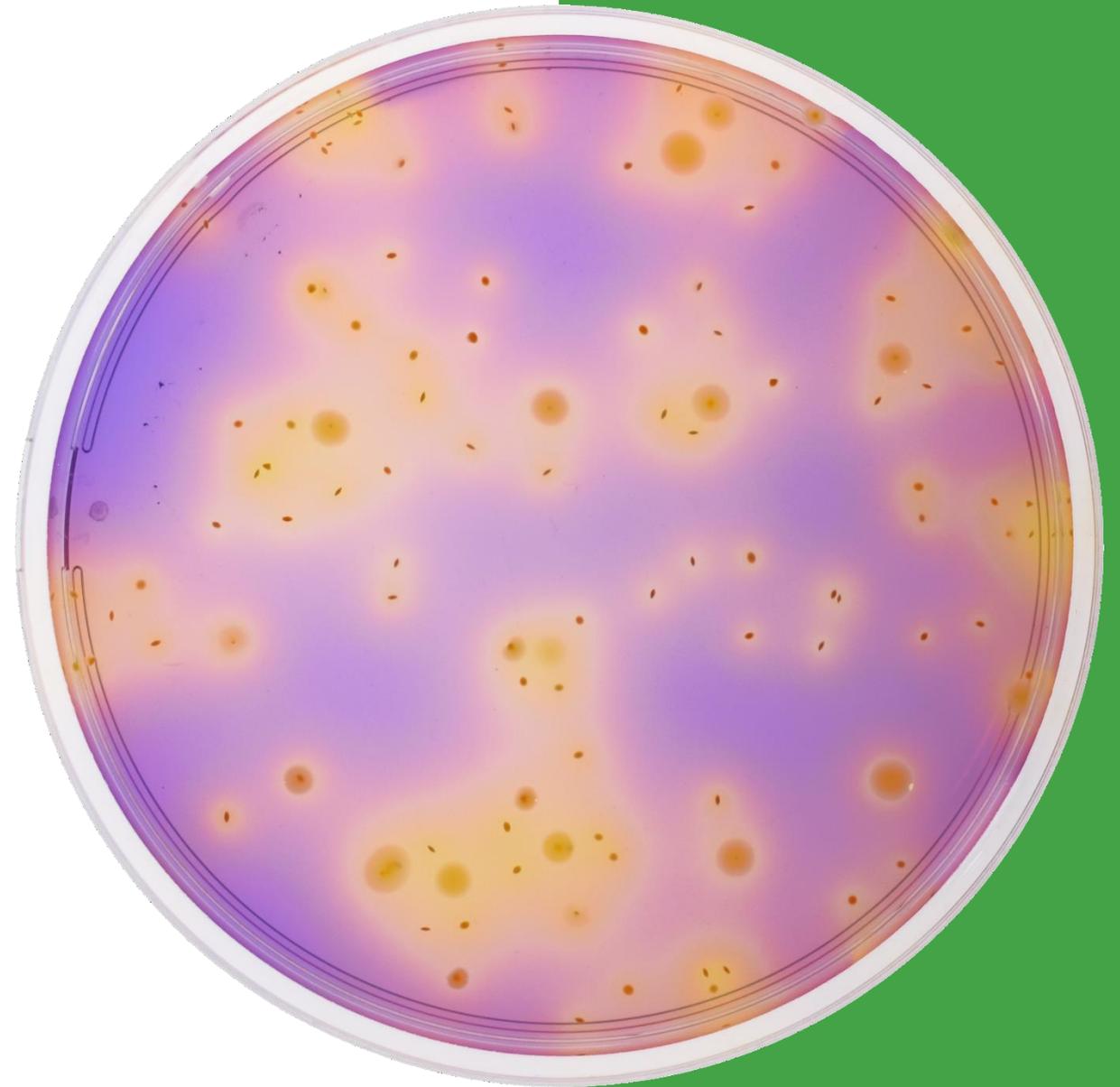




One Plate

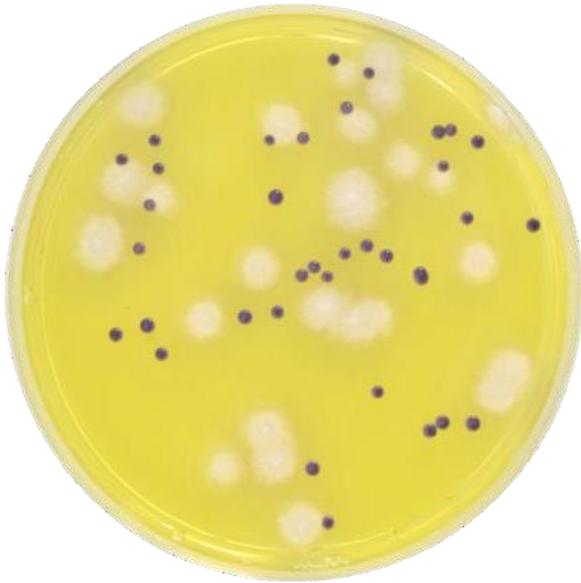
The One Plate Solution

One Plate is the only quality indicator method that's validated for enumeration using a single test for all food types* instead of mandatory duplicates as required by ISO 7218.



* Validation studies performed on a broad range of foods.

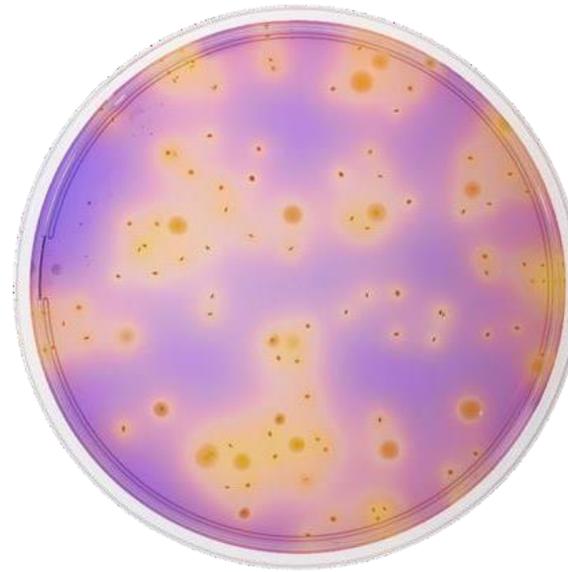
The Power of One



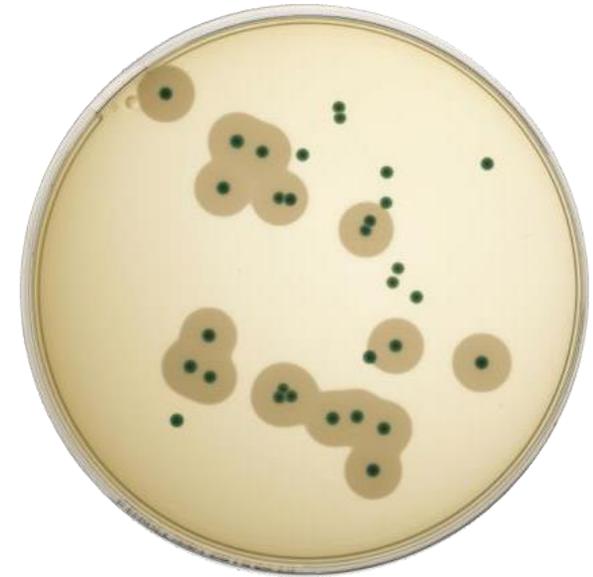
One Plate
Yeast and Mould
MicroVal 2021LR99



One Plate
Total Viable Count
MicroVal 2022LR112



One Plate
Enterobacteriaceae
MicroVal 2022LR108

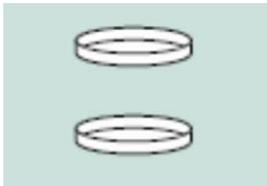


One Plate
Listeria monocytogenes & spp
MicroVal 2019LR89

The Power of One

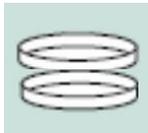
Pour Plate Techniques According to ISO 7218

2 successive dilutions



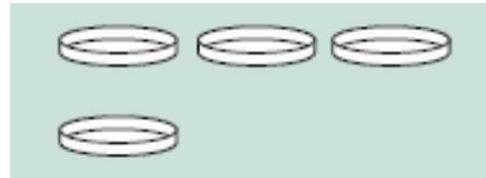
or

duplicates



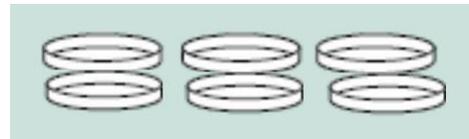
Spread Plate Techniques According to ISO 7218

2 successive dilutions



or

duplicates



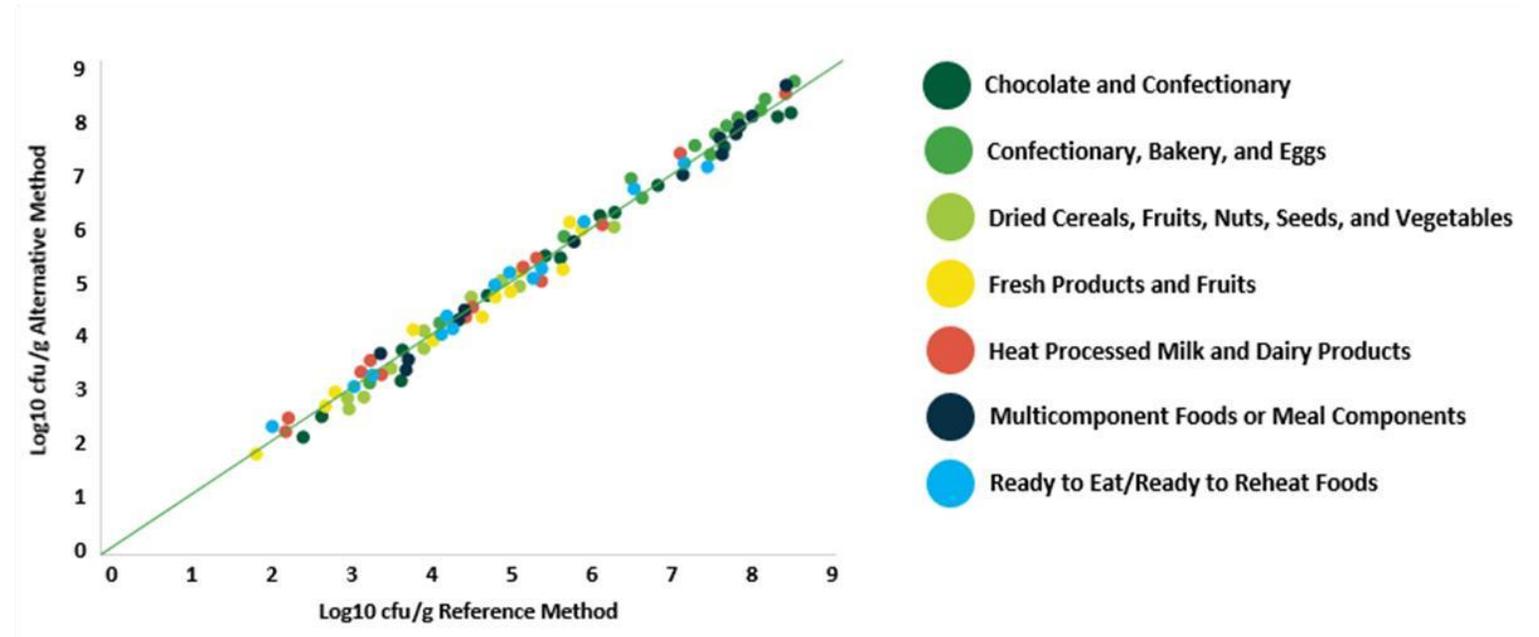
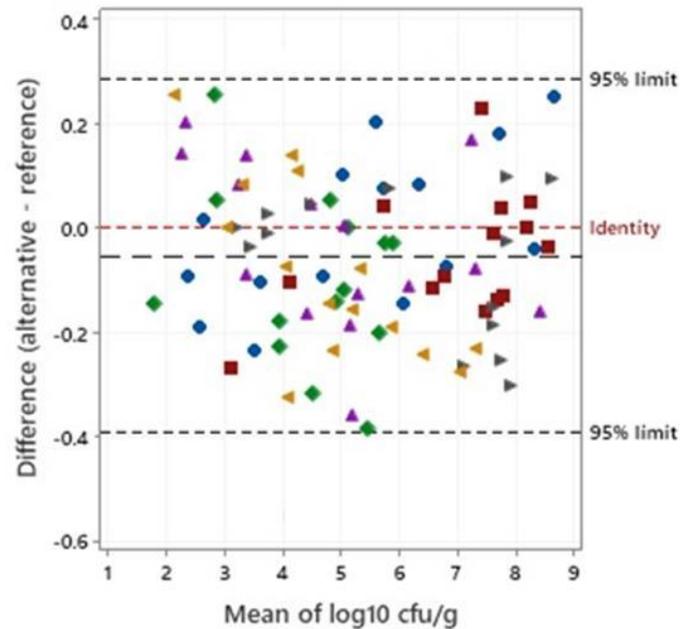
One Plate*



*Pour plate - 1 mL
Spread plate - 0.1 mL
Spiral plating - 0.1mL (equivalent to 4 dilutions)

One Plate is validated per ISO 16140-2:2016.

One Plate Yeast and Mould Validation



One Plate is validated as per ISO 16140-2:2016

One Plate	Standard Method	Format	Categories	Bias	SD
Yeast and Mould	ISO 21527-1:2008 ISO 21527-2:2008	Spread (Surface) & Pour Plate	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Milk and dairy products • Fresh produce and fruits • Multi component foods or meal components • Confectionery bakery and eggs • RTE/RTRH meats • Dried cereals fruits nuts seeds and vegetables • Chocolate, and confectionary 	-0.03 Log	0.12 to 0.16 Log
Total Viable Count	ISO 4833-1:2013 ISO 4833-2:2013	Spread (Surface) & Pour Plate	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pasteurised dairy products • Fishery products • Combined category: raw and RTC • Produce and fruits (combined category fresh and processed) • Multi-component foods or meal components • Raw and Ready to cook RTC Meat and poultry 	-0.08 Log	0.23 Log
<i>Enterobacteriaceae</i>	ISO 21528-2:2017	Pour Plate	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Milk and dairy products • Fresh produce and fruits • Multi component foods or meal components • Raw and Ready to cook RTC Meat and poultry • RTE/RTRH meats 	0.05 Log	0.23 Log
<i>Listeria monocytogenes & spp.</i>	ISO 11290-2:2017	Spread (Surface) & Pour Plate	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Milk and dairy products • Fresh produce and fruits • Multi component foods or meal components • Raw and Ready to cook RTC Meat and poultry • RTE/RTRH meats 	-0.13 to 0.15 Log	0.15 to 0.44 Log

Excellent results: all bias < ± 0.2 Log and standard deviation <0.5Log

A strong foundation fosters innovation.

Neogen invests in classical microbiology.



250+

Dehydrated Culture Media
Formulations

Less hands-on test time. Same or faster TTR.

One Plate lets you do so **much more with less**, giving you greater efficiencies and greater confidence. With less labour, comes more cost savings.

Less media

to prepare to accommodate the same sample volume.



Flexibility

allowing pour plating or surface plating



Less plating time

means you can process samples **faster**.



Fewer plates

take up less space in the incubator.



Added diagnostic features

allow for easier interpretation.

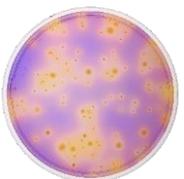
Upgrade your lab routine in record time.



One Plate Yeast and Mould vs. DRBC/DG18 per ISO 21527-1 and ISO 21527-2 (all aW)



One Plate Total Viable Count vs. PCA per ISO 4833-1:2013



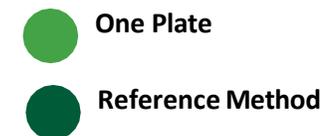
One Plate *Enterobacteriaceae* vs. VRBGA per ISO 21528-2:2017



One Plate *Listeria monocytogenes* & spp vs. Agar Listeria acc. Ottaviani & Agosti per ISO 11290-2:2017



* Confirmation test not required if the presence of *Listeria monocytogenes* or *Listeria spp.* has already been confirmed in the sample.



Gain efficiency with the same or faster time-to-result (TTR).

One Plate Yeast and Mould

One Plate Yeast and Mould Formats (OP YM)



Dehydrated Culture Media

Pack Size	Cat. No.
500 g	NCM1017A
5 kg	NCM1017B
10 kg	NCM1017C
25 kg	NCM1017D



Supplement

Pack Size	Cat. No.
1 x 100 mL bottle (for up to 50 L media)	NCM4088-50

**High
Water Activity Level**

*DRBC Agar
per ISO 21527 1:2008*



OP YM: One plate. One test. All food types.*

**Low
Water Activity Level**

*DG18 Agar
per ISO 21527 2:2008*

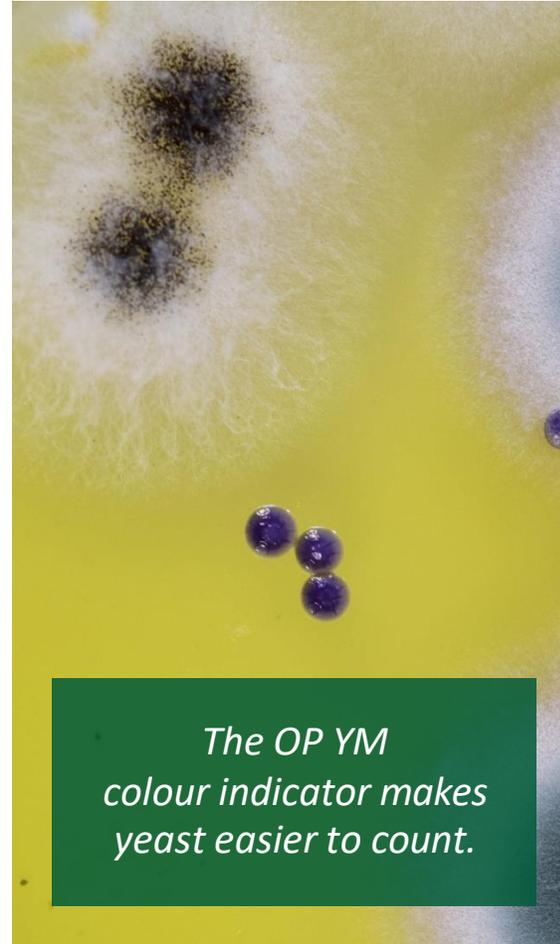
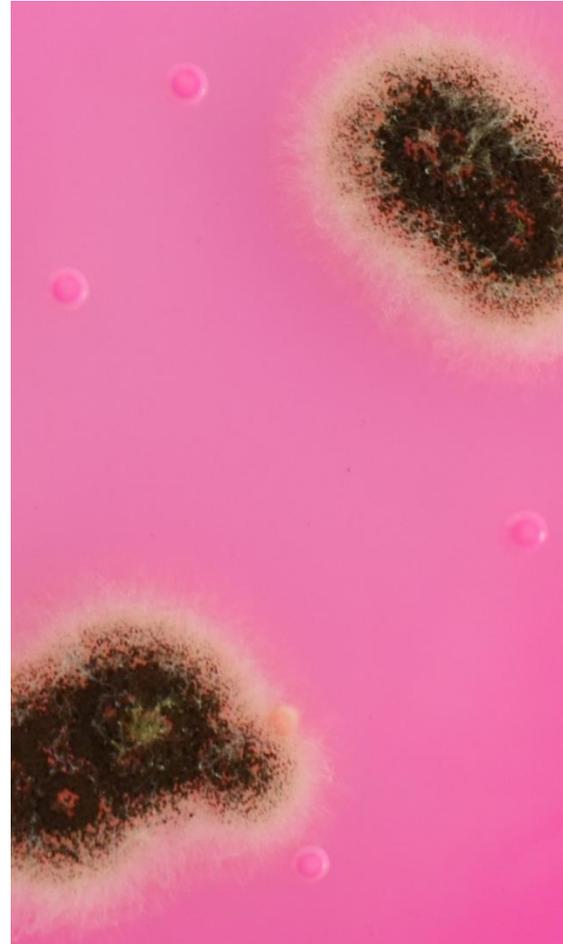


* Validation studies performed on a broad range of foods.

The answer's right there in living colour.

ISO Reference Method DRBC/DG18

- DRBC contains Rose Bengal dye, which stains yeast pink on a pink background, giving relatively poor differentiation.
- DG18 contains no diagnostic feature; thus, all yeast present as natural cream/buff colour.

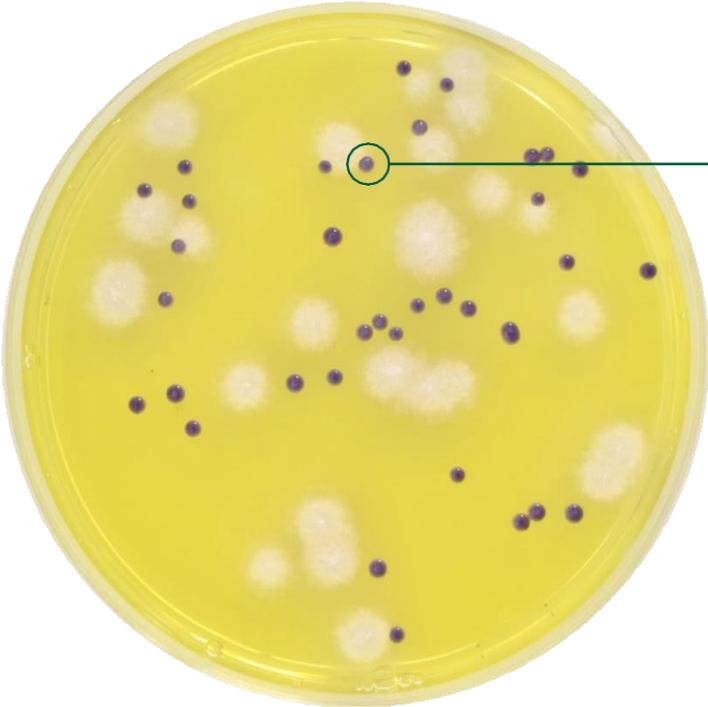


*The OP YM
colour indicator makes
yeast easier to count.*

One Plate YM

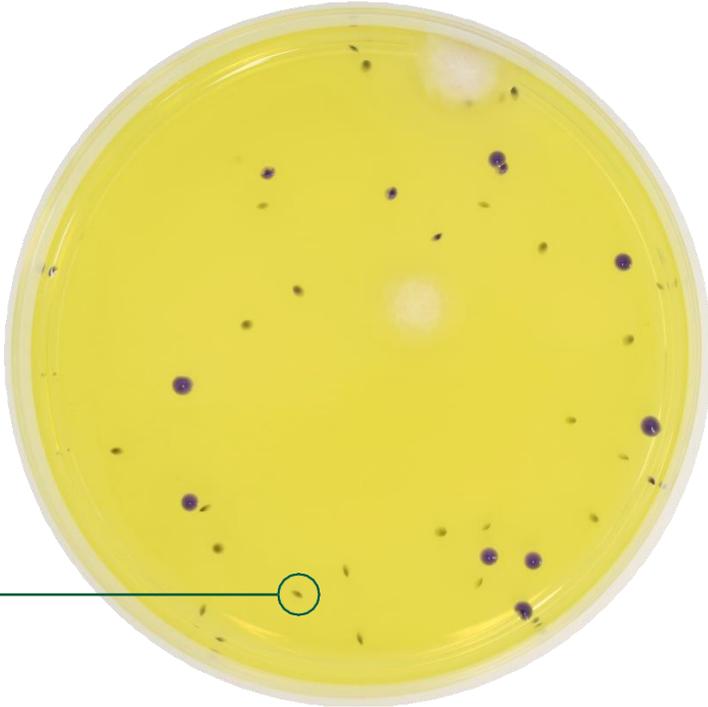
- Colour indicator for easier yeast counting – metabolically active yeast pick up stain and will be various shades of purple.
- Addition of liquid liquid-ready, post-sterilization supplement (NCM4088) permits easier counting.

One Plate YM: Spread and Pour Plates



All colonies grow on the surface, and due to the diagnostic stain, yeast are easily distinguishable from mould (as well as morphology).

0.1 ml spread plate*



Pour plate colonies are the same colour and typical appearance but grow at different levels throughout the agar.

1.0 ml pour plate

***Spiral plating possible**

One Plate Yeast and Mould Advantages

- One plate required instead of mandatory duplicates as per ISO 7218
- All water activities (aW) so no need to select different media (DRBC/DG18)
- 54 hours time to result (up to 72 hours for convenience) vs 120 hours with ISO
- Yeast take up purple stain making it easier to count against the yellow background

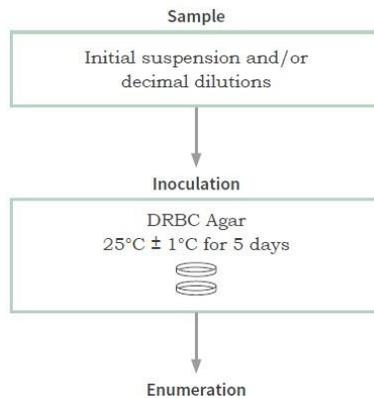
One Plate Yeast and Mould vs. DRBC/DG18 per ISO 21527 (all parts)



Yeast & Mould Workflows

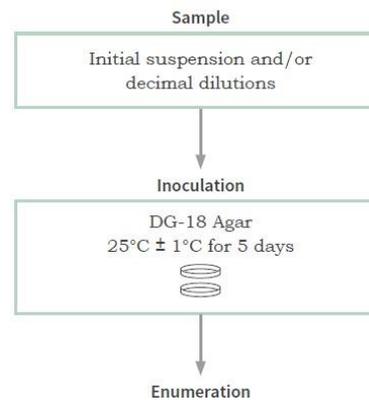
ISO 21527-1:2008

Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs — Horizontal method for the enumeration of yeasts and moulds — Part 1: Colony count technique in products with water activity greater than 0.95.



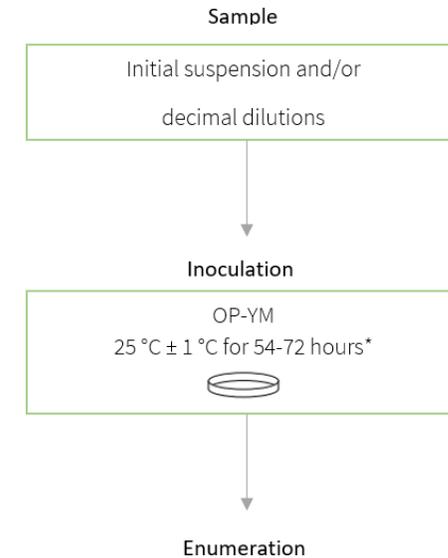
ISO 21527-2:2008

Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs — Horizontal method for the enumeration of yeasts and moulds — Part 2: Colony count technique in products with water activity less than or equal to 0.95.



MicroVal 2021LR99

OP-YM FLOW DIAGRAM



- Spread plate only
- 4 plates for low numbers -1mL

- Pour plate - 1 mL
- Spread plate - 0.1 mL
- Spiral plating - 0.1mL (equivalent to 4 dilutions)

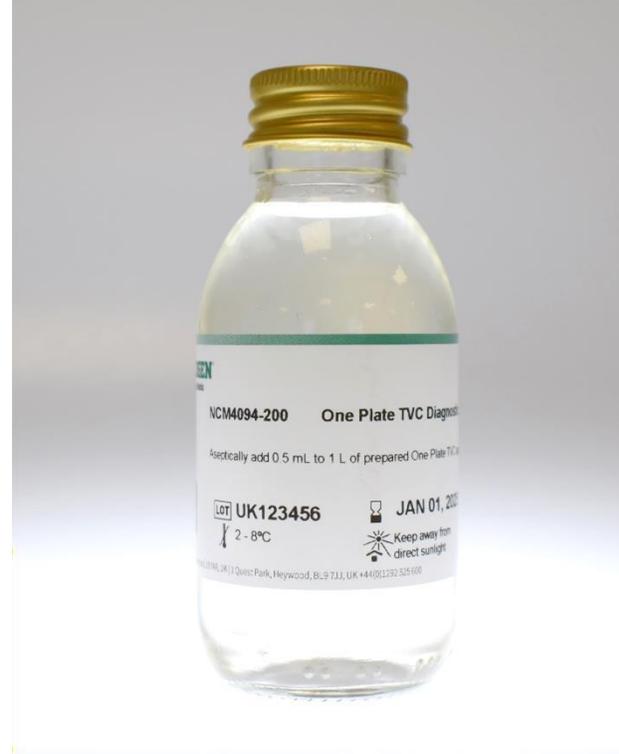
One Plate Total Viable Count

One Plate TVC Formats



Dehydrated Culture Media

Pack Size	Cat. No.
500 g	NCM1018A
5 kg	NCM1018B
10 kg	NCM1018C
25 kg	NCM1018D



Supplement

Pack Size	Cat. No.
1 x 100 mL bottle (for up to 200 L media)	NCM4093-200

One Plate TVC: Clearly the better choice.

ISO Reference Method PCA

- Plate Count Agar (PCA) has no diagnostic features: all microorganisms present as natural colour/no differential.



One Plate TVC

Colour indicator for easier counting – metabolically active microorganisms pick up stain and will be pink-red.

- Addition of liquid-ready, post-sterilization supplement (NCM4094-200) permits easier counting.
- Colour indicator is designed to improve visibility and counting. All colonies (regardless of colour) should be counted for expression of result.

One Plate TVC: Spread and Pour Plates



0.1 ml spread plate*

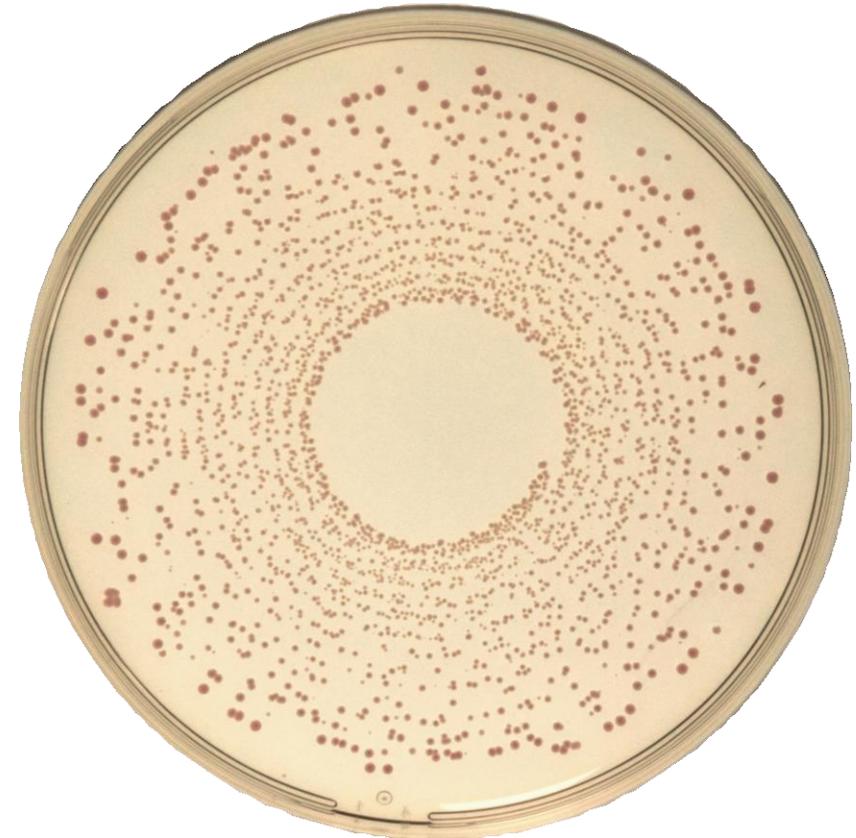


1.0 ml pour plate

***Spiral plating possible**

One Plate TVC: Spiral plating

- **Automated spreading**
 - Modern automatic spiral platers can deposit accurate volumes of liquid sample in an Archimedes spiral onto the surface of a rotating agar plate
 - Logarithmic deposition deposits decreasing amounts of sample as it moves away from the centre.
 - Therefore the volume of sample deposited onto a given area of a plate is known
- **Easy enumeration**
 - Specific sections of a plate can be counted to enumerate the whole plate allowing for enumeration of a large range of CFU counts that would otherwise be too numerous to count

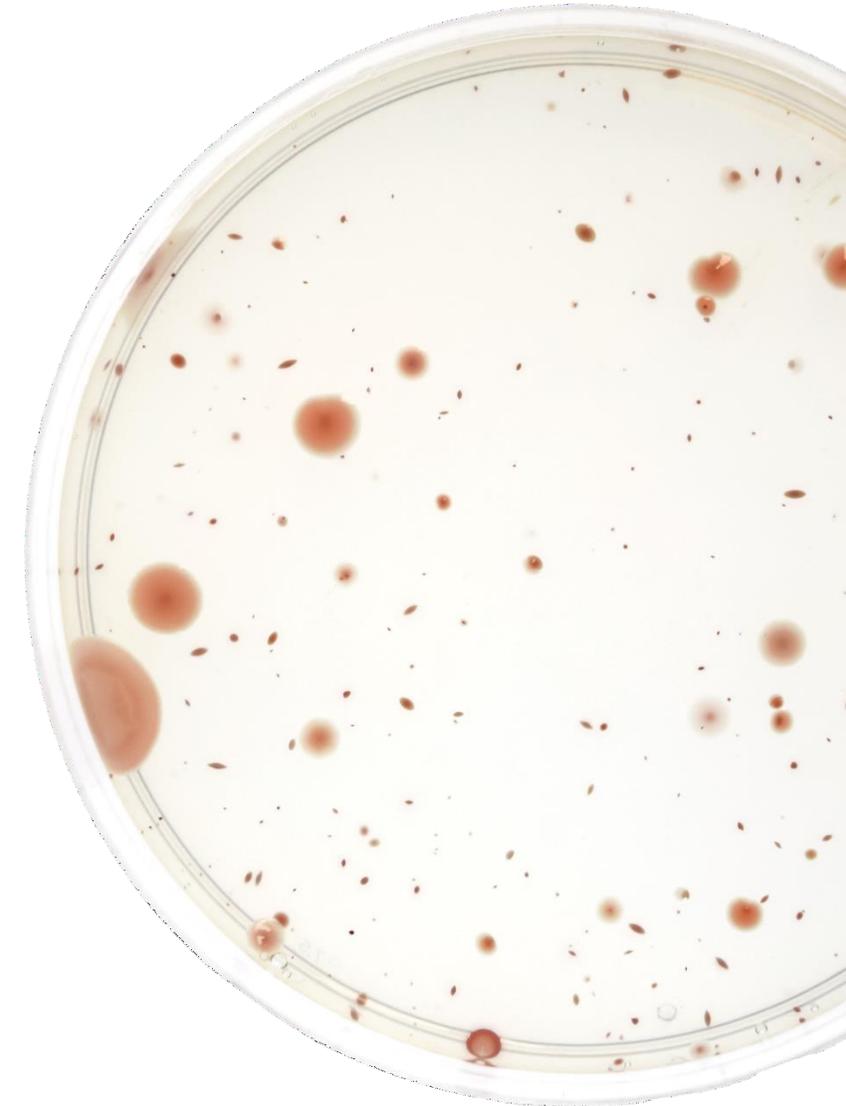


Reduce serial dilutions: 4 dilution in One plate

One Plate TVC Advantages

- One plate required instead of mandatory duplicates as per ISO 7218
- 36 hours time to result (up to 48 hours for convenience) vs 72 hours with ISO
- Colour indicator stains colonies pink-red to improve counting ability

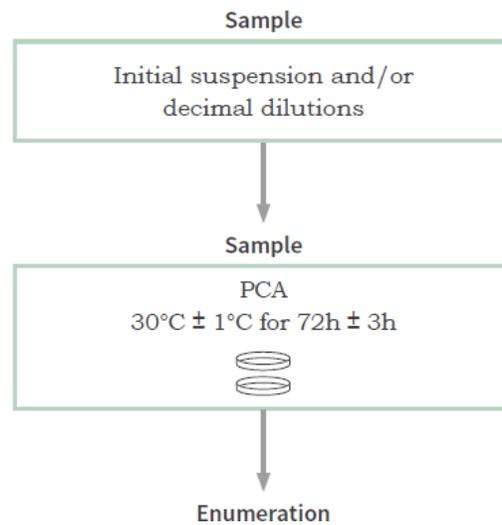
One Plate Total Viable Count vs. PCA per ISO 4833 (all parts)



TVC Workflows

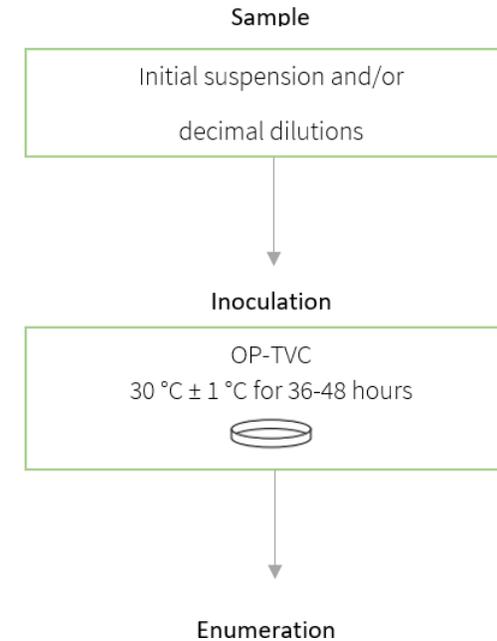
ISO 4833-1:2013

Microbiology of the food chain — Horizontal method for the enumeration of microorganisms — Part 1: Colony count at 30°C by the pour plate technique.



MicroVal 2022LR112

OP-TVC FLOW DIAGRAM



- Pour plate only in the EU regulation
- Spread plating accepted in the UK regulation

- Pour plate - 1 mL
- Spread plate - 0.1 mL
- Spiral plating - 0.1mL (equivalent to 4 dilutions)

One Plate *Enterobacteriaceae*

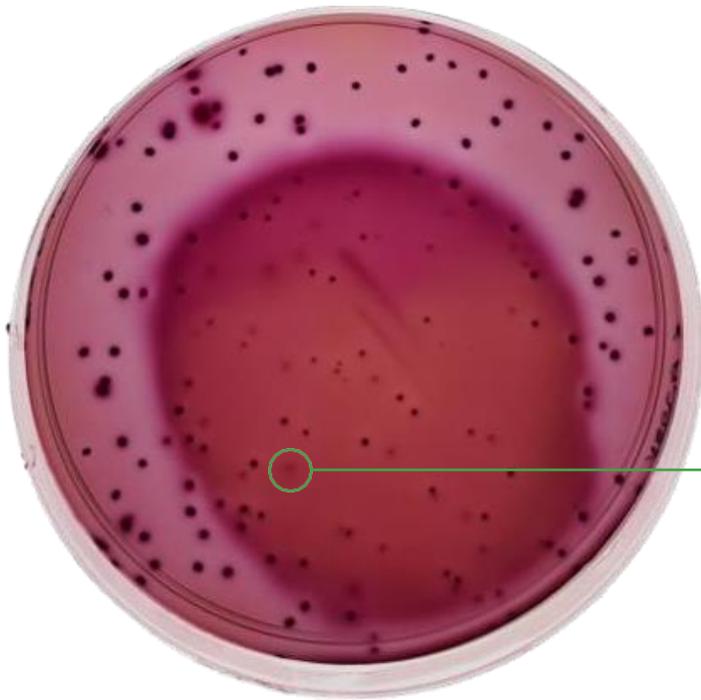
One Plate *Enterobacteriaceae* (EBAC)



Dehydrated Culture Media

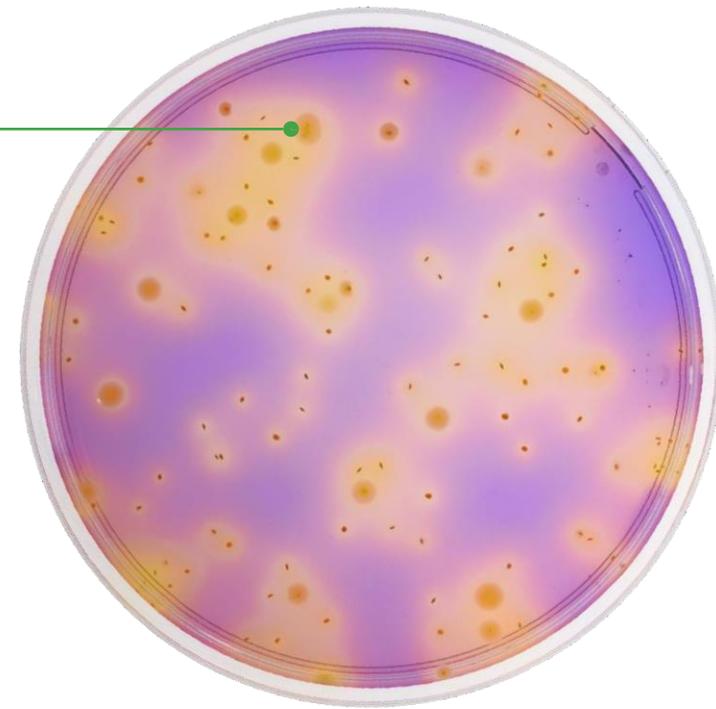
Pack Size	Cat. No.
500 g	NCM1019A
5 kg	NCM1019B
10 kg	NCM1019C
25 kg	NCM1019D

One Plate EBAC: Clearly superior.



**VRBGA per ISO
21528:2017 (all parts)**

The colour spectrum differential via indicator dye: yellow colonies (± halo) on a purple background are easier to see.



OP EBAC

The Violet Red spectrum is harder to see because the uncontrolled acid/bile reaction hinders counting.

One Plate EBAC: One and done.

VRBGA per ISO 21528:2017 (all parts)



Inoculate or Pour



Add Overlay

2 Steps

One Plate EBAC



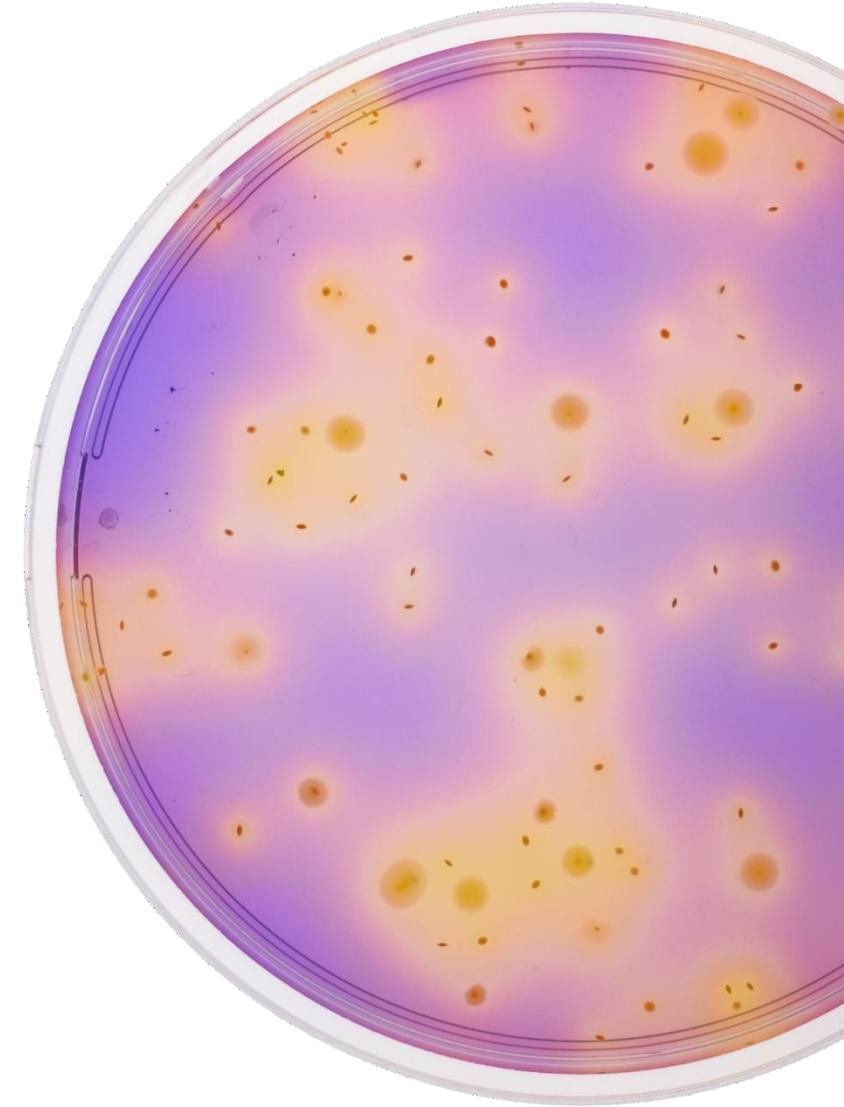
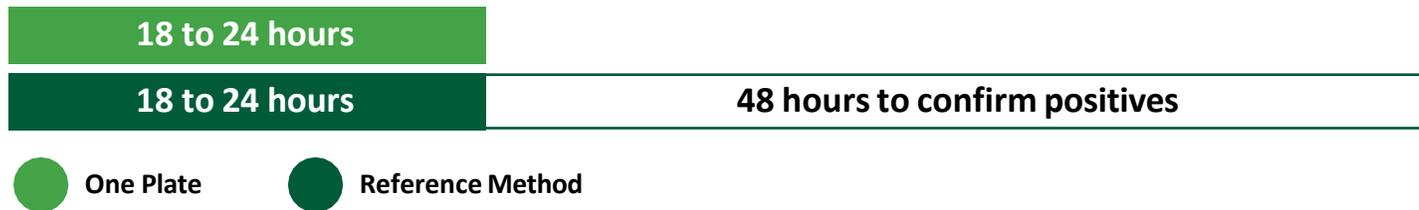
Inoculate or Pour

1 Step

One Plate EBAC Advantages

- One plate required instead of mandatory duplicates as per ISO 7218
- No overlays required meaning you save media and increase efficiency
- Same time to result as standard (18-24 hours)
- Improved colour palette for better reading i.e., yellow colonies on a purple background
- Reduced physical artifacts (e.g., smudging acid reaction) compared to VRBGA for easier reading
- No additional confirmation

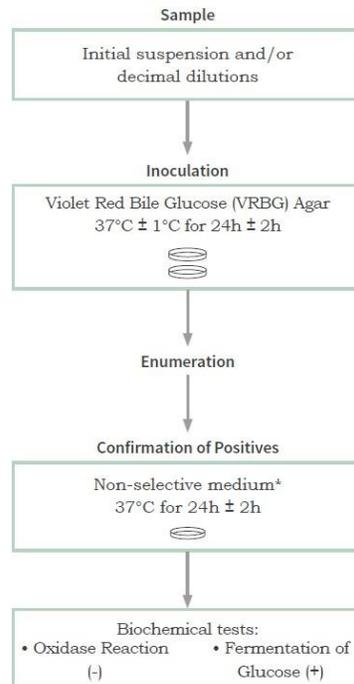
One Plate *Enterobacteriaceae* vs. VRBGA per ISO 21528:2017 (all parts)



Enterobacteriaceae Workflows

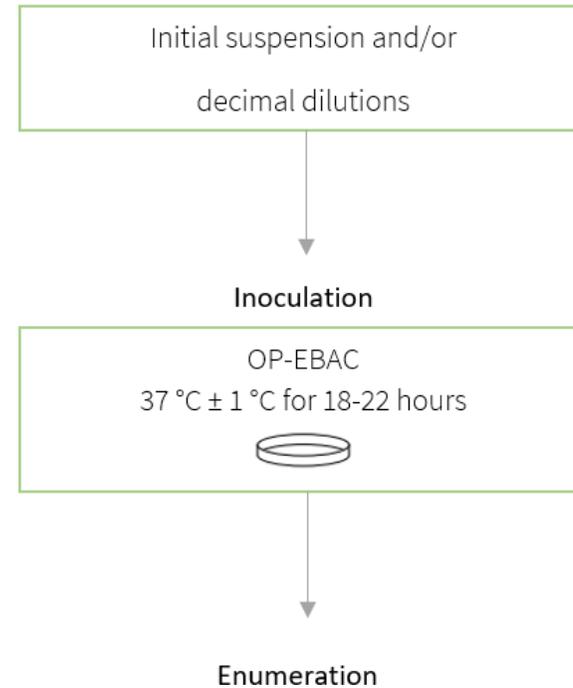
ISO 21528-2:2017

Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs — Horizontal method for the detection and enumeration of Enterobacteriaceae — Part 2: Colony-count method.



- Pour plate - 1 mL

OP-EBAC FLOW DIAGRAM



- Pour plate - 1 mL
- No confirmation

**One Plate *Listeria monocytogenes* and
Listeria spp.**

One Plate *L. monocytogenes* & spp.



Dehydrated and Ready to Use Culture Media

Pack Size	Cat. No.
500 g	NCM1004A
5 kg	NCM1004B
10 kg	NCM1004C
Pre-poured plates 90 mm x 100	NCM3000-100



Supplement

Pack Size	Cat. No.
10 vials (2 x Vials needed per 1L media)	NCM4001
10 vials (2 x Vials needed per 1L media)	NCM4002

One Plate *L. monocytogenes* & spp. Advantages

- No Overlays
- No Duplicates
- Choice of Spiral, Pour and Spread Plating
- Confirmation not required if the presence of *Listeria monocytogenes* or *Listeria* spp. has already been confirmed in the sample
- Same plate as the OBOP-L detection method

One Plate *Listeria monocytogenes* & spp. vs. Agar *Listeria* acc. Ottaviani & Agosti per ISO 11290-2:2017

46-50 hours

46-50 hours

48 hours to confirm positives

● One Plate

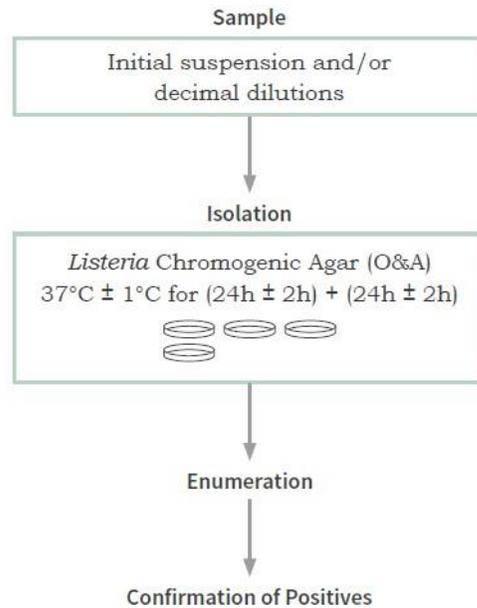
● Reference Method



Listeria monocytogenes and Listeria spp. Workflows

ISO 11290-2:2017

Microbiology of the food chain — Horizontal method for the detection and enumeration of *Listeria monocytogenes* and of *Listeria* spp. — Part 2: Enumeration method.

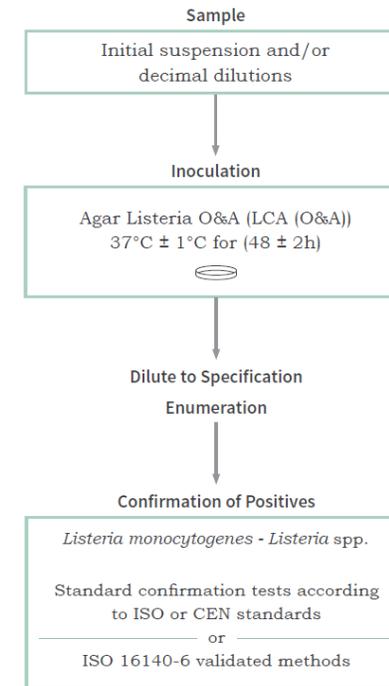


- Spread plate only
- 4 plates for low numbers -1mL

One Plate for *Listeria*

MicroVal Validation Certification 201 91R89

A rapid test for the fully quantitative enumeration of *Listeria* spp. and *Listeria monocytogenes*



- Pour plate - 1 mL
- Spread plate - 0.1 mL
- Spiral plating - 0.1mL (equivalent to 4 dilutions)

**Thank you
for listening**

Get in touch

www.NEOGEN.com

